

8.—Marital Status of Immigrant Arrivals, by Sex and Age Group, 1965

Sex and Age Group	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Males—						
0-14 years.....	18,977	—	—	—	—	18,977
15-19 ".....	5,813	76	—	—	—	5,889
20-24 ".....	9,738	2,614	3	12	10	12,377
25-29 ".....	6,689	6,561	7	85	33	13,375
30-39 ".....	2,026	11,025	24	194	72	14,241
40-49 ".....	379	4,732	28	97	48	5,284
50-59 ".....	90	2,223	101	38	12	2,464
60 years or over.....	65	1,522	440	45	28	2,100
Totals, Males.....	44,677	28,753	603	471	283	74,787
Females—						
0-14 years.....	17,845	3	—	—	—	17,848
15-19 ".....	4,665	1,462	—	3	2	6,152
20-24 ".....	6,838	6,554	11	39	24	13,466
25-29 ".....	3,967	7,164	22	95	38	11,286
30-39 ".....	2,116	9,075	82	235	77	11,585
40-49 ".....	457	3,668	277	213	75	4,690
50-59 ".....	194	2,004	934	157	75	3,364
60 years or over.....	202	1,212	2,071	104	71	3,660
Totals, Females.....	36,284	31,162	3,397	846	362	72,051

Destinations and Occupations.—Upon arrival in Canada, immigrants are asked to state their intended destinations. According to these records, Ontario absorbed by far the highest proportion of arrivals in the three-year period 1963-65—53.6 p.c. of all the males and 54.4 p.c. of all the females. Quebec was the second province of destination, receiving 23.4 p.c. of the males and 21.8 p.c. of the females, followed by British Columbia with 11.0 p.c. of the males and 11.7 p.c. of the females. The proportions intending to settle in the Prairie Provinces were 9.5 p.c. and 9.7 p.c., respectively, and in the Atlantic Provinces 2.4 p.c. and 2.3 p.c., respectively. The provincial distribution has changed little from year to year throughout the whole postwar period.

9.—Intended Province of Destination of Male and Female Immigrants Admitted to Canada, 1963-65

Province or Territory	1963			1964			1965		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Newfoundland.....	184	165	349	224	221	445	303	301	604
Prince Edward Island.....	33	45	78	33	46	79	83	74	137
Nova Scotia.....	604	594	1,198	601	588	1,189	867	745	1,612
New Brunswick.....	409	360	769	320	376	696	573	501	1,074
Quebec.....	11,759	11,505	23,264	13,400	12,673	26,073	15,942	14,404	30,346
Ontario.....	23,515	25,701	49,216	30,358	31,110	61,468	40,357	39,345	79,702
Manitoba.....	1,431	1,361	2,792	1,581	1,425	3,006	2,053	1,895	3,948
Saskatchewan.....	695	743	1,438	873	922	1,795	1,238	1,411	2,649
Alberta.....	2,253	2,478	4,731	2,594	2,927	5,521	3,975	4,074	8,049
British Columbia.....	4,251	5,003	9,254	5,780	6,534	12,324	9,269	9,233	18,502
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	29	33	62	51	59	110	67	68	135
Canada.....	45,163	47,988	93,151	55,625	56,781	112,406	74,707	72,051	146,758

In like manner, immigrant arrivals are asked to record the occupations they intend to follow in Canada. Approximately 50.6 p.c. of the persons admitted in 1965 declared that they would enter the labour force. The other 49.4 p.c. were wives, children and other dependants or were retired persons. Of the male workers, 23.7 p.c. were classed as managerial, professional and technical, 5.8 p.c. were clerical workers, 5.0 p.c. were in service occupations, 41.3 p.c. were in manufacturing, mechanical and construction trades, 12.9 p.c.